KINDS HARDARD STREET

(From the New York Tribune.)

We learn that there is some probability of the Collins line of steamships resuming their trips between this port and Liverpool or Southampton on the 17th instant.

As far as we can understand the position of affairs in this matter, it seems that Brown Brothers, who held a mortgage for \$500,000 and other claims against the ships, and by virtue of which they were finally sold, also owned stock in the line to the amount of \$600,000; that according to the conditions of the charter the stockholders were liable to double the amount of the stock respectively held by them; that under these circumstances the Measrs. Brown have, since the sale of the steamships, offered to sacrifice their shares of stock and give up the ships on payment of the amount due them from the company at the time of the sale, provided they are relieved from all further connexion with the steamers and liabilities on their account.

The principal stockholders on this side of the Atlantic

forther connexion with the steamers and liabilities on their account.

The principal stockholders on this side of the Atlantic are said to be anxious to avail themselves of this offer, provided the Post Office Department at Washington will sanction a change of the terminus of the route in England from Liverpool to Southampton, and this they strongly urge on the ground that the great bulk of transatiantic travel is in summer, and that the majority of those who travel during that season are pleasure seekers, who either desire to proceed to the continent of Europe direct, or if they visit England, go to London with as little land travel as possible; that but very few think of going to Liverpool except those having business there, at Manchester, or some other place more convenient of access by that route.

Should the department favor the proposed change, the new organization of the old company are prepared to resetablish the line at once, and send out one of the steamships, now lying at the foot of Canal street, on the 17th instant. On the other hand, should the department not consent to an immediate or early change of the terminus from Liverpool to Southampton, an offer made recently for the purchase of the steamships composing the line by parties in France, through Captain Comstock, who returned from Europe a few days ago, will be accepted.

NEW YORK CATTLE MARKET.

[For the week ending July 7th.] The total receipts of all stock at all the yards for th

At Allerton's. At Browning's. At Chamberlain's. At O'Brien's.	Becves. 2,804 89 32 49	Cowe. 22 22 62 82	Veal Calves. 335 43 94 96	Sheep and Lambs. 665 2,547 4,189 660	Swin 1,82
Total	2,974	188 194	568 717	8,061 16,229	1,85

The market opened with a moderate active demand, and prices were \(\frac{1}{2} \) to \(\frac{1}{2} \) cent a pound higher. There was not a large attendance, but those in attendance were purchasers. The quality, though somewhat better, was not what is wanted, as the only eattle which are in active inquiry are extra fat ones, of which description there is a great scarcity. A large proportion of to-day's offerings were large, raw-boned creatures, not a few of which were working oxen, long since passed the "tender age." The receipts show an increase over last week of 200 head, but as the demand was more active, it was thought the supply would be consumed.

of 200 head, but as the demand was more active, it was
thought the supply would be consumed.

At Bergen Hill about 800 head changed hands. Cows
and calves are unchanged. Veals are scarce, and bring
from 4 to 61 cents; a few extras sold at 7 cents. Sheep
and lamba in demand at last week's prices. Swine are
plenty, and without noticeable change.

The current prices for the week at all the markets are

The current prices for the week at all the markets are as follows:

Beef cattle—first quality, per cwt., \$9 a \$9 50; ordinary, \$8 75 a \$9; common, \$8 a \$8 50; inferior, \$7 50 a \$8. Cows and calves—first quality, \$55 a \$65; ordinary, \$45 a \$50; common, \$30 a \$40; inferior, \$20 a \$30. Veal calves—first quality, per lb., 61 a 61 cents; ordinary, 51 a 6 cents; common, 41 a 5 cents; inferior, 31 a tents. Sheep and lambs—prime quality, per head, \$6 a \$8; ordinary, \$5 a \$5 50; common, \$4 a \$5; inferior, \$3 a \$4. Swine—best corn fed, 42 cents; ordinary, 42 cents; common, 44 cents; inferior, 41 cents.

THE DUDLEY OBSERVATORY.

It is but two years ago since the Dudley Observatory was dedicated to the service of science, and inaugurated with a grand oration by Edward Everett. The institution was opened with the good wishes of the whole country, and with the finest promise of usefulness. We find, however, in its very infancy, all the parties charged with maintaining it engaged in a general snarl among themselves.

Without reviewing for our readers the mass of correspondence in which criminations and recriminations have been, in the scientific style, served up to the public, we will be satisfied with showing up the sum total results of the controversy up to this date.

For some reasons, which do not appear very clearly, the trustees, in legal charge of the institution, removed the director, Professor Gould, without consulting the scientific council. The council then met and condemned the course of trustees, and passed a series of resolutions, expressing their disapproval of the action. A letter to the trustees has been published from Mrs. Dudley—to whose ununificence the observatory mainly owes its existence—in which she complains of this disagreement, and requests those of the trustees who are discontented with the director to resign, and give place—to others who can act harmoniously with him.

The trustees have refused to resign, and at a special meeting of the board of trustees, held at Albany on Saturday, the scientific council was dismissed, the president of the board was empowered to take legal measures for obtaining full possession of the observatory property in behalf of the trustees, and Professor O. M. Mitchel,

of Cincinnati, was appointed astronomical director, to succeed Dr. Gould. Late on Saturday night the scientific council held a meeting, at which they resolved not to give up possession of the premises. They promise a statement this week, when we may be able to find some explanation and excuse for the singular conduct of the parties engaged in the management of the institution.

In a recent number of the Charleston Courier there is a curious and interesting communication touching certain new uses to which cotton may be applied. It seems that a gentleman of South Carolina, by the name of Legare, has been for many years engaged in experimenting upon the fibres of cotton wood, with a view of compressing them into a permanently solid form. He first succeeded so far as to create a compact substance, which was unclastic, plastic under the fingers, and hard as wood. He called it cotton wood, and caused various articles of furniture to be fashioned from this novel material for his own use. One or two of these were exhibited at the South Carolina Institute, and obtained a gold medal. He next went one step further, and obtained a plastic substance, fire and water proof, and possessing every quality desirable in the best roofing. From this it was but a step to the construction of a material suitable for vertical walls, and capable of any amount of moulding and relief. So that if the statements and anticipations of the correspondent of the Charleston Courier are correct, a house may be built from foundation to roof-tree of compressed cotton, nearly as hard as stone, and quite as impenetrable to the elements; and it may be built in half the time it would take to lay the bricks in a brick house of the same size, and at about one-third of the cost. The workman has ample opportunity to give the surface any appearance he pleases: it may be smooth or corrugated. In a recent number of the Charleston Courier there is man has ample opportunity to give the surface any ap-pearance he pleases; it may be smooth or corrugated, plain or wrought into any forms that taste or fancy may prescribe. And in the preparation of this material, all the refuse and worthless cotton on the piantation, and even the sweepings of cotton factories, hitherto rejected even by the paper-maker, may be freely used.

Bisnor McLevaix.—The Western Episcopalian states that the health of Bishop McIlvain is such as to give much concern to his friends. Whilst presiding at a recent convention, says the above-named paper, "he rose and stated, in substance, that a very peculiar sensation had come over him, accompanied by a remarkable lapse of memory. He desired the business to proceed, called Rev. Dr. Burr to the chair, and retired. In about half an hour he came hack and resumed his post, but it was an hour he came back and resumed his post, but it was sometime before he could readily call the names of members wishing to address the house. He had a similar attack while recently at the East, and while going home from church on Sunday he had another. He did not return to the church in the afternoon, but was there at taight and spoke with remarkable clearness and energy. After church he replied cheerfully to all inquiries about his health, and expressed himself as feeling in no way uncomfortable. He rested well that night, and left Newark next day in apparently good health. There may be uncomfortable. He rested well that night, and left New-ark next day in apparently good health. There may be nothing very seriously threatening in what the Bishop has lately experienced, but the repeated attacks, and the knowledge that other members of his family have sud-denly been called away, have filled his friends with pain-ful apprehensions, and should cause the prayers of the faithful everywhere to ascend, that the life and usefulness of so valuable. of so valuable a man may be prolonged to the church

A PESTILENCE AMONG CATTLE AND DEER.

An intelligent and observing gentleman, who has recently travelled through Madison and the adjacent counties of this State, kindly called to see us a few days since, to confirm the painful intelligence of the destruction in those localities of aimost countless numbers of cattle and deer from the prevalence of a most singular and unaccountable disease. The earliest settlers of the country have never witnessed anything of the kind before. In many places the woods are thickly strewed with the deal carcasses of both eatile and deer, presenting a most melancholy scene. The mode of astack and the symptoms are both singular and threatening. Stiffness seizes the body and limbs of the animaly making it walk as if badly foundered. The mouth discharges a large quantity of white froth, after which the tongue becomes highly inflamed, swells, and then turns black, when death immediately ensues. 'Inc. same disease prevails throughout the S'ate, as also in the lower counties of Georgia, where it is attributed to rust, which exists very generally upon vegetation.

When we call to wind the fact that the small greate of

regetation.

When we call to mind the fact that the small grain of When we call to mind the fact that the small grain of this country was almost totally destroyed by the rust, the inference is plansible that the grasses have been affected in the same manner. If so, this is doubtless the poison that has done the mischief. We hope intelligent planters will examine thoroughly with reference to this suggestion, and report through the press the results of such examinations.

Large and frequent doses of sulphur and salt combined are recommended as an excellent remedy for this disease.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

The Portland State of Maine intimates that the demo-cratic candidate for the next United States senatorship in that State will be Hon. John Appleton, now Assistant

The republicans of the third congressional district of Illinois have nominated Hon. Owen Lovejoy for re-elec-tion to the House of Representatives.

The Upper Pennsula.—The old project, which has been talked over so many years, of forming a new State of the upper portions of Michigan and Wisconsin, is just beginning to assume some shape. The subject thus far has been confined merely to 'lking, except when a resolution has been introduced into the State legislature for ceding back that territory to the United States, which has been invariably laid away to repose on the table, provided it has ever come up for action. Now, however, the people of that section have taken hold of the matter, and we are likely to have something tangible from their action. A dreular has been issued, and numerously signed, calling a convention to assemble at Outonagon on the 25th day of August next for the purpose of interchanging views and adopting such meesures as may best conduct to the advancement of this object. The circular proposes that a territorial government be first formed, with the ultimate view of creating a State, and that this Territory be formed from the upper peninsula of Michigan, the northern part of Wisconsin, and the lake counties of Minnesote, and it is the people of this district who are requested to send up delegates to the proposed convention.

There are only twenty-six towns in Massachusetts without a Congregational church. The remaining have from one to fourteen each, Boston having the last number; and soveral other cities, such as Lowell, Worcester, and Salem, have four or five churches each. There has been a gain of 1,806 members in the churches the past year. The gain next year will be larger, es a majority of the recent converts have not yet become connected with the churches.

JEFFERSON'S TEN RULPS .- 1. Never put off till to-mor ow what you can do to-day.

2. Never trouble another for what you can do your-

- Never spend your money before you have it.
 Never buy what you do not want because it

- 4. Never buy what you do not want because it is cheap.
 5. Pride costs us more than hunger, thirst, and cold.
 6. We seldom repeat of having eaten too little.
 7. Nothing is troublesome that we do willingly.
 8. How much pain the evils have cost us which have never happened.
 9. Take everything always by the smooth handle.
 10. When angry, count ten before you speak; if very angry, a hundred.

The French Anamyst.—We perceive by our European exchanges that a great commercial house in London recently despatched a special and confidential travelling agent to France to ascertain the truth of the allegations made with respect to the 'ucreased naval and military establishments of the empire. He has just returned, after a protrasted tow, having enjoyed the best cuprortunities for visiting the great ports and arsenals, and observing the movements of troops. His report is that nothing has been exaggerated in the statements which have been made, and this report has produced a great impression upon the minds of several public men

THE PILLAGE OF LECKNOW.—We learn that a ledy residing at Clifton, the wife of a gallant major at present serving in India, has received a letter from her husband, which gives a glowing account of the treasures seized by our troops at Lucknow. As an earnest of his own sucess, he has sent her home a necklace of splendid pearls and some emeralds, one of which is believed to be of great value. The gems are in comparatively rough state, the emeralds having been ignorantly, and, we had almost said, mercilessly drilled through. The letter speaks most said, mercilessly arnied through. The letter speaks of a corporal in the gallant officer's regiment having got a bracelet which will probably be worth from £100,000 to £200,000. Another letter from a young officer received at Clifton states that the writer has got three superb embroidered shawls of rare workmanship and great

price.—Bristol Mecury.

A Heroine.—We have already stated that several vessels have put into Quarantine, at New York, within a day or two, with the loss of their efficers and most of their crews, either dead or ill of fever. The Commercial Advertiser, of last evening, in connection with one of these vessels, says that Mrs. Nichols, the wife of the unfortunate captain of the Groi. accompanied her husband on his voyage, and notwithstanding the shocking fact of her partner's unexpected demise, finding it imperative that her aid must be rendered in navigating the vessel-for all but two of the crew were stricken with the plague—she nobly smothered the auguish which she felt, and lent her services in working the ship. When the vessel was spoken by the steam-tug off Fire Island, this heroic ledy was at the wheel, performing work far beyond what ordinarily could have been expected of any woman. She cared not for her own life, but for the safety of the husband's charge; and the lives of the two well seamen called her to action, and she nobly obeyed the summons. Mrs. Nichols was transferred to comfortable quarters at Quarantine, where she now remains.

A London letter to the New York Commercial men-tions a report from France that the Emperor had notified Spain that although England has threatened to leave her to her fate on the Cuban question, he will support her to

The United States mail carriers state that their progress acros the plains from Utah to Kansas was impeded by immense herds of buffalo, while antelopes and deer were much more numerous than usual.

much more numerous than usual.

A man named German went into the water to bathe, on Sunday, at Boston, and, not being a good swimmer, was drowned; whereupon, a coroner's jury "sat" upon his body, and returned for their verdict: "That he came to his death by having, in violation of the city ordinance, gone into the water about 2½ o'clock, on the afternoon of Sunday, the 27th," &c.

OFFICIAL.

Information has been received at this Department from J. P. Garusche, Esq., the United States Consul at Matanzas, of the death of Lorenzo D. Gasilu, master of the brig "Endorus," of Harparell, Thomas Saunders, master of the "Sparkling Wave," of Boston, and Benjamin B. Davis, master of the bark M. B. Harriman, of Waldobotough.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

THE SEVENTH REGIMENT.

The city was in a fever of excitement all day yesterday The city was in a lever of excitement all day yestersay in anticipation of the arrival of the popular seventh regi-ment of New York. There was little else talked about at breakfast, and we feel confident that half the city had prepared themselves for a military display far superior to anything witnessed in the metropolitan city.

At an early hour the District regiment of velunte

under the command of Colonel Hickey and his staff, marched to the Arsenal—the point at which the reception was to take place. As usual, they were accompani by a regiment in variegated uniforms, far exceeding them in numbers, and possessed of an energy and perseverance, under all the untoward circumstances by which they were surrounded, which assured us the expected guests would receive from them, at least, an enthusiastic reception. But, alas! at the Arsenal gate they discovered another and an unforescen obstacle to their en-trance to the Arsenal grounds besides the patched and crumbling Penitentiary building, for the gate was closed to them, and the sentinel on duty somewhat insolently informed them, with a mixture of the brogue which we cannot possibly give, his orders were to admi some of them took advantage of, for we perceived their singular dress and broken columns scattered all over the grounds so soon as we had passed the point of difficulty. We found, on inquiry, that this consisted simply in a scramble over a portion of the brick wall, a feat which was easily accomplished, since they were unencumbered with that essential part of the equipment of effective soldiers—the musket. The company, however, was not a large one, and upon the whole was quite as select as the

The military remained under arms but a few moments after entering the cool shade of the Arsenal grounds, Col. Hickey having considerately given orders for them to break ranks. Groups of officers and men were immediately formed, and the time was spent in pleasant

and amusing gossip, interrupted occasionally by an anxious gaze far down the Potomac.

We ascertained, upon inquiry, that the Light Infantry, Lieutenant Tucker in command, mustered twenty-three men; the Highlanders, Captain Watt, twelve men; the Union Guards, Lieutenant Donelly in command, twenty men; the Montgomery Guards, Lieutenant Kelcher in command, twenty-six men; the President's Mounted Guards, Lieutenant Teel in command, sixteen men ; the German Yeagers, Lieutenant Neiteze in command, twentytwo men; a detachment of United States Marines, in ommand of Sergeant Major Robinson and Lieutena Wilson, numbering forty-three men, and the superb Marine band. The regimental officers on the grounds consisted of Colonel Hickey, Lieutenant Colonel Bacon, Major Peck, Adjutant Henry N. Ober, and others. A corps of ordnance were also in attendance, and the battery used by Colonel Duncan in the Mexican war was placed on the river bank, ready for the firing of the salute

This was certainly not a very formidable array, bu officers but the men, that so small a portion of the reg ment had responded to the call of Colonel Hickey.

As time were on, and the hour for dinner approache the general disappointment found vent in words, and many a sturdy fellow, who had started out strong in endurance, acknowledged himself faint and hungry. At last the reveille beat, the men were formed in line, and refreshments were served up to them. This consisted of two biscuits, a piece of cheese, a Scotch herring, and a glass of water to each man. To the comfortable diners in Washington, this bill of fare no doubt will appear insignificant, but we must remind them that they were far from home on military duty, and had to put up with what could be got for them. As for ourself, we gratefully partook of a "horse-cake" and a glass of "lager."

everybody felt certain that definite information would be obtained, and in a moment a hundred rumors were affoat At last the reveille again summoned the tired men to the posts, the line was once more formed, and the tired sol-diers marched to their homes. We then learned that Quartermaster Winchester, of the New York regiment, had come up in the boat, and that the gallant seventh could not possibly arrive before a late hour to-night. It is said that the Ericsson is aground at Kettle Bottom. nother steamer left last evening to join them. The reg-nent will be brought to the city in these steamers, and when they arrive will be quietly conducted to the quarters prepared for them at the National Hotel. The offi-cers of the District regiment will call upon them this

THE ACADEMY OF THE VISITATION AT GEORGE-TOWN.

A dense throng yesterday afternoon assembled within the walls of this venerable institution to witness the exercises of the exhibition. Among those on the stand we noticed President Buchanan and niece, the president of Georgetown College, Mayor Crawford of Georgetown, be-sides many distinguished ladies and gentlemen, too nu-merous to mention. The distribution of crowns, medali and prizes was enlivened by music of the highest order, vocal and instrumental. 'A cavatina, "La Gazza Ladra, by Rossini, sung by Miss Ellen Walker and accompanied on the piano by Miss M. Forsyth, was especially admired. We have never heard singing that pleased us better than the "Coronation Ode," the solos of which were executed by Miss M. Dougherty of Harrisburg, Pa.

Towards the close of the evening the first honors of the Acalemy were bestowed by the President of the United States on Misses Frederic, of Georgia, and Maybee, of Indiana. Rev. B. A. Maguire, of the College then addressed the young ladies in a few pithy remarks congratulating the successful competitors for academic honors, and thanking Mr. Buchanan, in the name of the good sisters and pupils then present, for the graceful and obliging manner in which he performed the somewhat tedious task of distributing the honors. The young ladies then marched from the hall to the music of five harps and a piano, and the audience proceeded to visit and examine the specimens of painting and other points

THE LLENSS OF THE MAYOR. - We regret to be compelled to state that the Mayor has been confined to his room by evere illness since Wednesday last. He has suffered from an attack of bilious cholic, and although he was anxious to attend to the multifarious duties of his position, his physician has forbidden him to leave his room. He hopes to be able to get about again on Saturday next.

Notwithstanding his confinement, he is actively engaged, with the assistance of Captain Goddard, in making out the list of extra police authorized by the special police bill. The public can understand very well how nistakes may be made in selecting these policemen from the large number of applicants, but we can assure our readers that so soon as the Mayor becomes cognizant of the unfaithfulness of any of them, either of his own positive knowledge or upon the representation of any re-spectable citizen, that officer will be removed, and a better one appointed. The Mayor will adhere to this principle throughout his administration, for it is his purpose to elevate the standard of the municipal officers, by appointing the best men to fill the places. The pledges which the Mayor made before the election will be most faithfully performed, and in the discharge of his duties we feel confident that he will be no "respecter of per-

Benjamin B. Davis, master of the bark M. B. Harriman, of Waldoborough.

The Consul states that "many American sallors have also fallen victims to the yellow fover, which now prevails with an uncomment degree of malignity."

[Roston Post and Eastern Argus, Portland, will copy.]

Bey Fourth Ward.—There will be a meeting of the mut. Know Nothings this (Friday) evening, July 20th, at the Assembly Beams, Louisians avenue, to nominate an Alderman, in place of J. H. Goddard, resigned.

CINTH WARD.—The regular monthly meeting of the "Such west Democratic Association" will be hold in Analyse are requested to be punctual in attendance.

July 9—10tdif opposite Contre Market.

Fights a laternan, of Waldobo.

The consultation and in the descrinage of his duties we feel confident that he will be no "respecter of persons."

REAL Estate.—Wall & Barnard, auctioneers, cold last evening lot 13 in Davidson's subdivision of square 316, fronting 25 feet on L street north, and running back 100 feet on 12th street west, to an alley, and improved with a two-and-a-half story brick dwelling and store. The above property was purchased by F. A. Tachiffely for Say, 380.

CINTH WARD.—The regular monthly meeting of the "Such west Democratic Association" will be hold in Analysis and dispersion of the above property was purchased by F. A. Tachiffely for Say, 380.

Georgetown Female Seminary (Miss Harrover's) will take place only, marked in plain figures.

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Georgetown Female Seminary building at 8 o'clock.

July 9—10tdif Order Real extended to the last of the discounts of the control of the figure of the control of the figure and colored borders.

FOREY & BEOTTIER.

FOREY & BEOTTIER.

FO

WILLARDS' HOTEL.—The work on the extension of this building, on the corner of F and Fourteenth streets, is rapidly progressing. We learn that the enterprising proprietors of this establishment, desirous of still further extending their premises, are carrying on negotiations for the purpose of obtaining the adjoining lot on F street, now occupied by the F street Presbyterian church, under the pastoral charge of Rev. Dr. Gurley, and where the late Rev. Dr. Laurie so long officiated. It is extremely doubtful whether the church and congregation will consent to abandon a spot endeared to them by so many hallowed recollections; if, however, such be the case, it is probable that they will unite with Rev. Dr. Eckard's congregation, now worshipping at the Presbyterian church on New York avenue, and erect on that site an edifice capable of accommodating the two congregations. We

capable of accommodating the two congregations. We understand that the trustees of F street church will short-

In the trustees of F street church will shortly hold a meeting, in order to decide the subject.

Edward Evert Association.—This association is composed of young men, and holds its regular meetings avery Thursday evening at Kelly's Select School, on the corner of G and 10th streets. It has been established for some time, and has gone on silently in the attainment of its object of literary and oratorical culture. Its raembers are from various branches of industry and professions, the only requirement of membership being honorable. the only requirement of membership being honorable character. Its doors are open to all young men who may wish to improve themselves in literature and oratory, and prepare themselves, if intending to pursue professions, to appear before auditories with advantage and success. Last night, at Corcoran's Hall, the association celebrated its anniversary by an address from Mr. Clephane on education, and a lecture by Mr. C. C. Callan on the benefit of literary associations. The efforts of both these young gentlemen were commendable, and were listened to with attention by the respectable audience present.

Wheaton, New York F K Burray, US Navy J S Boardman, New York F K Burray, US Navy J S Boardman, New York

CITY PASSENGUE RAILROADS. One of the principal argu ments (says the Baltimore Sun) against city passenger railways is the alleged danger which every pedestrian would be subjected to of being knocked down and run over by the cars. On the 4th of July, in Philadelphia, Fifth and Sixth streets were filled with pedestrians, and the cars ran, all day, crowded with men, women and children. The same was the case in regard to the West Philadelphia road, which has just gone into operation. Still, the Ledger remarks that it has yet to hear of a single accident caused to the many hundreds of persons who used the road, or of the thousands of citizens who were continually crossing the tracks. There were no the tracks of the tracks of the tracks. runaways from freworks scaring horses on the tracks, though accidents of this kind to coaches, carriages, &c., were common. A city passenger railroad has been in operation in Philadelphia since last January, and the first accident causing personal injury has yet to be recorded.

ardson, a watchman, has been dismissed by the mayor for assaulting a colored hack-driver. The course of the mayor in this, as in every other respect, has met the apal of our citizens.

A New Excussion STEAMER .- The "James Guy." the tow-boat which recently met with a serious accident, fi being fitted up as an excursion boat. On Thursday next she will take the Baptist Sunday School to Glymont, which will be her first performance in her new service. This steamer has a power equal to thirty-five horses, and

Converge Ecretion .- It is understood (says the Alexandria Gazette) that Hugh Latham intends contesting the election of James S. Hallowell for a seat in the Common Council. The ground of contest alleged is the closing of the polls on Tuesday before sunset.

THE POLICE MAGISTRATIS of the city have returned three hundred and sixty-five cases for the month of June. This is quite too large, and we hope that under the nev order of things the returns for the present month will be

Tue Dust has become intolerable almost, and many of our citizens are praying earnestly for rain as a means of relief. It is a fortunate circumstance that the weather has become moderately cool, since otherwise the suffering of pedestrians would be very much increased.

THURSDAY. July 8 .- The Court met at the usual hour. The first case called was that of Johanna Hornsbury, (colored,) charged with the larceny of one frock of the value of \$15, one crape shawl of the value of \$5, and two silver teespoons of the value of \$1, from John T. Berkeley, on the 4th ult. The jury returned a verdict of guilty as to the larceny of the frock, and not guilty as to the other articles; and the prisoner was sentenced to one year and three months in the penitentiary.

Thomas Orme, one of the petit jurors of the panel at

this term, asked to be excused from further service by reason of his having been appointed chief of police for

the larceny of two sets of harness, of the value of \$60, the property of George M. Boutman, on the 24th ult. The jury returned a verdict of guilty as indicted; and the prisoner was sent to the penitentiary for two years.

William Rawlins (free negro) was then put on trial for the larceny of two sets of harness, as an accomplice of the last-named prisoner. The jury returned a verdict of guilty as indicted, and he received a similar sentence.

William Cropsey was then put on trial for the larceny of four pair of white pants, three shirts, eighteen pair of stockings, two linen pocket handkerchiefs, three shirt collars, one vest, three infant's shirts, one gown, one lace collar, two fancy aprons, five towels, one shirt, one coun-terpane, one basket, two night gowns, one flannel shirt, one cotton undershirt, one boy's fill collar, and one blanket, the goods and chattels of John Fox, the value of the same being about eighteen dollars, on the first day of June, 1858. The jury returned a verdict of guilty of petty larceny, and not guilty of grand larceny. The jurors were dismissed until to-morrow morning at ten o'clock, and the court e ljourned.

A LL WIDTHS.—Medium, fine, and superfine table
A damasks, in all widths and prices, from the lowest and narrowest up to the widest and finest of stylish and novel patterns, "pure-alllinen" nagkins, doylies, towels, &c.
40 dezen bath towels, all the various best kinds.
New supplies from the North and Fast daily.
The lowest ca-b price marked in plain figures.
We are not opening any new accounts.
All bills presented mouthly for payment in cash, and discontinued
if not vaid.

All bits presented mounty in payments are in the present mounty in payments.

We have determined to abolish the system of letting goods go out of the store for inspection and a pulling to pieces at home. The positive damage to fabrica costs us form one thousand to fifteen hundred dollars annually, and adds great labor to the book keeper's other duties, for which addition there is neither profit nor satisfaction. Reflecting people will see the actual necessity of this measure where a large retail business is done.

Good articles, low prices, and fair dealing may be relied on in all cases.

"Contral Stores." West building,

tood articles, low prices, and fair dealing may be relied on in all cases.

FERRY & BROTHER,

"Contral Stores," west building,
poposite Centre Market.

FINE GAUZE FLANNELS—In all grades.
Also, 20 pieces low priced twilled Angols flannel, all which is well adapted for spring and summer wear.

We make daily additions to our stock.

We are not opening any new accounts. Customers who have heretofore settled their bills by note will bear in mind that hereafter we
require cash when the bill is presented, and no other settlement will
be acceptable. It is a matter of no consequence how responsible the
parties may be, a prompt cash settlement is the only basis that renders their bills advantageous to us.

Good articles, low prices, and fair dealing may be relied on in all
cases.

prompt examined to us.

marked to plain figures.

ow prices, and fair dealing may be relied on in all

PERRY & BROTHER,

"Central Stores," west building,

opposite Centre Market.

ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS.

Browns' Hotel. H S Robars, North Carolina Miss Robard, do C M Lee and wife, Cincinnati Rev R B Williamson, Virginia S R Eggleston, Richmond a Miss Brocks, do 2 Misses Archer & servant, 1 Mrs King, Beltimere Mrs Mitchell & child, do P C Martin & 2 children, J B Herbert, Herbertsvill O G Sheble, Philadelphia

Kirkwood House.

A B Hanson, Frederick
Geo F Morrison, Feansylva
W P Blakey, Virginia
W Tilley, Alabama
Prof Mahan, West Point
B Harris, Missouri
S S Jamison, Pennsylvania
John E Rea, Baltimore
Jos Entenger, de
N R Collins, New York.

John O Steger & Habity, Stein J Courad, Virgina J D Hardenburgh, New York Grayson Carter, Musiashipa Miss Mittle Carter, do Thou T Hawkins, Kentucky Ethy Hoppin, Philadelphia N H Ferrall, Virginia

John Crawford, Georgia
Thos Kincheioe, Middlebury, Va
J M Kincheioe, Fauquior co, Va
A W Deahl, Alexandria
John B Young, Washington, D C
A F Withers, Fairfax co, Va
John A Calyo, Richmond, Va
Elward Wcotton, Reckville, Md

WASHINGTON INSURANCE COMPANY. Capital \$200,000 !

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE. The only company in Washington having such a clause in its ch Risks on buildings, merchandise, furniture, &c., taken at the lower

rates.
Besides the actual capital of the company, the individual liability
clause of the charter renders the private fortune of each stockholder
liable for losses.
Gilco-Corner of Pounsylvania avenue and Touth street.

Office Corner of Pennsylvania avenue and College Corner of Pennsylvania avenue and College Col GRAPTON D. HANSON, Secretary. TOY! JOY!! TO THE AFFLICTED.—The

TOY! JOY!! TO THE AFFLICTED.—The great remody discovered at last for the cure of Ague and Pever, Lever Complaint, Dysperia, and all discoases of the storing. Dector Alphonse Loubat, a graduate of the University of Etinburgh, and long a successful practitioner of medicine in the Island of St. Thomas, West Indies, has discovered not only a new remedy but a new principle in the treatment of the above discasses.

Boctor L. claims to have discovered a medicine which when taken into the stomach passes into the circulation, and, by coming in contact with the cause of the disease, effects an immediate cure. Wishing to do as much good as possible, he will send to such of his afflicted fellow beings as requirs it this recipe, with full and explicit directions for working it up, by their encloning twenty-five cents, or eight three-cent United States postage stamps. Address.

DR. ALPHONSE LOUBAT, Washington Gty, D. C. Washington Gty, D. C.

A CARD.—I. CASPARIS has a lot of Superior Old Wines and Liquors, in bottles, on hand, which he put up from 12 to 15 years ago—the very thing for medicinal use. Physicians are respectfully invited to call and try. Table Claret of last fall's vintage just received.

July 4—1w4*

DEDFORD SPRINGS.—This well-known and de-lightfol SUMMER RESORT will be opened for the reception of ristors on the 16th of Jane, and kept open until the 1st of October. The gaew and spacious buildings erected lest year are now fully completed, and the whole establishment has been furnished in su-perior style, and the accommodations will be of a character not ex-cised in any part of the United States. The hotel will be under the management of Mr. A. G. ALLEN, whose experience, courieous manners, and attention to his guests give the amplest assurance of comfort and kind treatment. In addition to the other means of access, it is deemed proper to state that passengers can reach Bedford by a daylight ride from Chamberburg.

For 1/2 do mulberry 5 00
For 1/2 do eak. 2 00
Carboy, 10 gallons 2 25
Bottles, 11/2 pint, per dezen 1 50
The barrels are carefully prepared, so that purchasers may depend upon receiving the water fresh and sweet.

All communications should be addressed to
THE BEDFORD MINERAL SPRINGS CO.,
June 20—d4w Betford county Pa.

THE FAUQUIER WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS,

(fifty miles west from Washington.)—Possession having been regained from the late tenant, this establishment will be opened on the 18th June, weder the direction of an accommodating superintend and part of the control of the contro ent and most cliable, courteous resistants.

No pains or expense will be spared in order to accommodate the guests and to regain the former high reputation of these Springs. The Orange railroad cars leave Alexandria at 7½ o'clock in the morning and 8 in the evening, and retura at 9½, a. m., and 2; p. m., next day; leaving Richmond also twice a day, thus affording the most convenien, mode of access.

The terms of fare will be: \$2 per day, \$12 per week, \$40 per month, \$70 for two months, and \$100 for the season ending 1st October; children over 1 year old and under 12 half-price; servants also half-price.

June 23—2mos

WISCONSIN AND MINNESOTA COMMISSION,

ISCONSIN AND MINNESOTA COMMISSION, INTELLIGENCE, AND GENERAL LAND AGENCY.—GEORGE FARKAM. Office on Main street, next door to the Banking House of Cole Symmer, & Co., La Crosse, Wisconsin.

I am prepared to buy, sell, or give information with regard to farms, farming, or pine lands; to locate government lands, either with land warrants or money, in Wisconsin or Minnesota, to attend to the acling or leasing of lands, lots, dwelling-houses, or other property on commission; to make collections, pay taxes, exatuine titles, collect rents, &c., &c.

Particular attention given to LOANING MONEY, which I guaranty to loan on real cutate worth three times the amount of money loaned, and accume to the owner from ten to twelve per continuered paid annually. Sourrity on real estate in Wisconsin and Minnesota is more secure than in New York, for the reason that lands a cadvancing from 25 to 100 per cent, and in Minnesota there is no usury law.

All business and letters of inquiry promptly strended to, and returns remitted, by mail or express, to any part of the country.

Pel 17—en

GEO. FARNAM.

He refers to the following gentlemen: Hen. C. C. Washburne, M. C., Minneral Point, Wis.; Gov. Alex. W. Randal, Madison, Wis.; Hout. Gov. E. D. Campbell, La Crosse, Wis.; Hon. S. B. Hastines, (State treasurer) Trempecan, Wis.; Hon. Thee. Redolf, freceiver U. S. land office,) La Crosse, Wis.; Hon. D. D. Cameron, La Crosse, Wis.; Judge Lord, do. do. Hon. Geo. Gall, (Judge 6th judical circuit, Galeville, Wis.

TRIAL OF BREECH-LOADING CARBINES. TRIAL OF BREECH-LOADING CARBINES.

In conformity-with that part of the see "making appropriations for the support of the army for the year ending the 30th June, 1859," approved. June 12th, 1858, which appropriates "for the part chase of breech loading carbines of the best model, to be selected and approved by a board of ordinance officers," a board consisting of three officers of the ordinance corps will mee. at West Point, New York, on the 12th day of July next, for the purpose indicated by the law.

All personn desirous of composing for the best model breech loading carbines are invited to do so, and each competitor is required to submit his carbine, with the proper animumiton for the same (not less than one hundred rounds) to the board, not laster than three days after the commencements of its needs on explain its mode of operation, and to leave it with the board for examination and trial.

H. K. CIALG,
Colonel of Ordnance.

ORDNANCE OFFICE,
Washington, June 18, 1858.
The Evening Stark Sun and Argus at Baltimore; Pennsylvanian at Philadelphis; Heraid, Daily News, and Journal of Commerce at New York; Post at Beston; Times at Hartford; Efiquirer at Cheinusti; South, Enquirer, and Examiner at Richmond; Democrat at Abingdon, Ya.; and Brownlow's Whig at Rabaville, Tenn., will piesse publish the foregoing notice till 12th of July next, and torward to this office a copy of the first paper containing it.

June 20—4tJuly 12

RED SULPHUR SPRINGS—Monnos county, Vinconta—These celebrated Mineral Springs are now open for the
reception of visitors. It is now well known that no medicinal agents
that have been tried have had such signal success as: the waters of
the Red Sulphur Springs in the speedy cure of ment cases if pulmonary contumption, brenchial affections, chronic diarrhosa, dyspepsis,
and diseases of the brain.
Visitors via Richmond and Lynchburg should leave the Virginia and
Tennessee railroad at Newburn Depot. They will then have but
thirty-eight miles of staging, over a good road. Via Grange and Alexandria and Virginia Central railroad, there is now about seventy miles
of staging. of staging.

Invalids would seemre better rooms, and better care and attention, by coming ourly, as we are usually very much crowded through the mosth of August.

T. S. CAMPBELL & CO. May 20—42mo

BINDING ESTABLISHMENT.—I have fitted up the large rooms in Jackson Half for a lindery, and have on land a quantity of the first quality of materials to execute will kinds of binding, which I am ready to do with despatch, neatness, and durability.

C. DENHAM.
WARRINGTON, June 21, 1858.

July 2—cod2w

A RMY HATS AND TRIMMINGS.

OFFICE OF ARRY CLOVE 18G AND EQUIPAGE.
Philadelphia, June 24, 1858.

Cornex or Anny Carre and AND Expresses.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this Office until 10 officeds, a. m., of Monday, 12th day of July next, for furnishine, by contract, the following articles, deliverable at this Office until 10 officeds, a. m., of Monday, 12th day of July next, for furnishine, by contract, the following articles, deliverable at the United States Army Depot (Schuy Rill Armenal), Philadelphia, viz.

16,500 bats, of best quality black foll, very lightly stiffened, of six different since. The dimensions of a 7th hat (medium size) to be as follower. Crown 65; inches high, M inch taper, 1-16 bell, tip 15; inch, oval flat; head 115; inch long, M lach curve; brim 34 inches wide, perfectly flat; instead of binding; around the edge of the brim. The material to be composed of 25; ounces prime Russia Hare, I ounce of best fronted Coney, and bounce of best, English Coney; hocks carrated; double brim and double squared. The stiffening of the best Carapbel Shellae in solution of alcohol:

The following mountings of brass, vizi:

10,500 Engles,

4,000 Crossed Sabres,

500 Shell and Flame,

4,500 Crossed Cambon,

10,500 bands or cords, of worsted, (colors to suit the different corp.)

3-16 of an inch diameter, to run twice around the hat and three times through a slide of same material, with a insuel at each and, not less than 2 inches long.

The above-mentioned articles must conform, in all respects, with the scaled standard patterns in this office, where they can be examined, and where any additional information will be furnished.

To prevent any misunderstanding in regard to the quality of the hat and trummings, it is desirable that bidders turnish amplies thereof, showing the quality included by their propocals. These sample hats may be of different grades of finences, (not more than three, the proposal staing as what price they will agree to furnish each of either than be delivered on or before the 12th day of Occober, or source, at the option of the contractor.

Two or more sufficient sequentis

on or before the 12th day of September; and the remaining one-third on or before the 12th day of Ge.ober, or source, at the option of the contractor.

Two or more sufficient securities will be required of contractors, the names, address, and responsibility of whom, with the acknowledgments of anid persons that they will be such security, or will see that good and sufficient security be furnished in case a contract is obtained, will be teamsmitted with the proposes.

It is to be distinctly understood by every person obtaining a contract that said contract is not transferable without the consent of proper authority, and that any sale, assignment, or transfer of it, without such consent baving been obtained, (except under a process of law.) will be regarded as an abaniconnent, of the contract, and the contract or and his securities will be held responsible for all loss or damage to the United States which may arise from said abandonment.

The privilege is reserved by the United States of increasing from one third to one laif the quantity of all the supplies above meantioned by giving the contractor one month's notice of such desired increase.

Payments will be made on each delivery. Ten per cent, of the amount of each will be retained until the contract shall be completed, which will be received from manuacurers or regular dealers only in the articles proposed to be furnished, and none will be considered in which the manufacturers' or dealers' place of business is not specially set forth.

Proposals will be addressed to the undereigned, and will be endorsed "Proposals for Purnishing Army Supplies and Materials."

CHARLES THOMAS,

June 28—3tawt12July Colonel A. Q. M. General U. S. Army.

By J. C. McGUIRE, Auctioneer.

. By J. C. McGUIRE, Auctioneer.

By J. C. McGUIRE, Auctioneer.

Py VIRTUE OF A DEED OF TRUST TO THE subscriber, bearing date the 31st of December, in the year eighteen hundred and fifty six, (1856), and recorded in Liber J. A. s. at folio 55 et. seq., and made to secure a certain debt due Jusison Mitchell. the subscriber, at 12 o'clock, m., on Friday, July 30th, at J. C. McGuire's auction store, in Washington city, D. C., to accomplish the object of said deed, will offer for sale at public auction the constitute of the sale of the sale by the land of the late Washington bearing the residence of Joseph Gales, esq. It is bounded on the cast by the new Bladensburg road; on the west by the land of the late Washington Berry, north by Scamer & Krasting's lands, and south ty the city boundary line. Is very highly improved and contains one hundred and seven (107) acres or thereabout.

Terms of sale: The purchaser will be required to pay one-fourth of the purchase money in hand at the time of sale; the residue in 6, 12, and 13 months from the day of sale, with interest thereon from said date, and to give his notes for such deferred payments, secured by a deed of trust of the premises.

If the purchaser shall fail to comply with the terms of sale within ten days of the day of sale, the subscriber reserves the right to resell the land and premises for cash, after ten days previous notice, at the risk of such defaulting purchaser.

JOHN T. MITCHELL, Trustee.

TONES'S WHITE SULPHUR AND CHALYBEAT Springs, Warren county. North Carolina.—Those Springs are situated in a healthy and pleasant section of the country, 10 miles from Warrenton Depot, on the Raleigh and Gaston railroad, at which plate Mr. John M. Wilson will keep a new and handsome four-horse stage, ready to take passengers directly to the Springs.

The establishment will be opened for the reception of visitors on the 16th day of June, 1858.

" week.
" week.
" week.
Horses per month.
" week.
" day.
For children under 12 years of age and servants half-price.
A staity mail will be brought to the Springs during the season.
Juxz 28, 1858.
July 7—2m2taw

CALE OF VEGETABLE STANDS.—All persons desirous of obtaining vegetable stands in the different markets throughout the city are hereby notified that they will be sold to the highest bidder, (as per act to regulate markets, &c.,) commeacing with

with—
Centre Market, Saturday, July 3d.
Eastern Market, Monday, July 5th.
Northern Market, Wednesday, July 7th.
Western Market, Friday, July 9th.
N. B.—Persons now holding stands in the Centre, Eastern, Northern, and Western Market, Friday July 9th.
B.—Persons now holding stands in the Centre, Eastern, Northern, and Western Markets can relain them by paying the appraisement price of said stands.
By o.der of the Mayor.
June 23—2awtJuly 9.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Magnetic Telegraph Company will be held as the office of the company in Philadelphia, on Thursday, the 8th day of July, at 12 o'clock, m., of and day, for the election of officers of said company for the snanting year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be presented to the

A CARD.—Our patrons are hereby notified that all open accounts upon our ledger are made off up to the 20th instant, and will be respectively presented preparatory to settlement on the lated July, as has been our uniform practice; and we need only say here that we expect every account so presented to meet with a cheerful and prompt response.

HOOE, BROTHER & CO.

FOR WHITE LINEN COATS, PANTS, AND VESTS.—Large lots of all the best and most approved fibrics.
With a vast stock of select cloths, cassimeres, and vestings.
Cravats, under chirts, gloves, suspenders, half-hose, handkerchiefs, (silk and linen.) umbrellas, &c.
One price only, and no deviation; consequently, no person is over-

harged.
Good articles, low prices, and fair dealing may be relied on in afl Cases. We expect the cash for every bill due us on the 1st proximo. The credits on which we buy are shortened, and we are compelled to shorten the time on which we sell.

PERRY & BROTHER,

"Central Stores," west building,
June 28—10tdif opposite Centre Market.

BRADY'S GALLERY, 352 Pennsylvania avenue, mear Sevenih afreet, over Sweeny, Rittenhouse, Fant, & Co.'s Banking House.—Mr. BRADY bega respectfully to inform the public that, in consequence of the very liberal patronage he has received since opening his Photographic Gallery at Washington, he will, contrary to his original intention, keep it open during the summer continuous.

months.

An efficient corps of artists will be constantly in attendance to execute photographs and ambrotypes in the best possible manner.

Price ranging from one delifer epocaries.
The collection of portraits of distinguished men at this gallery is the largest in the world, and is open for public inspection every day (Sundays excepted) from 7, a. m., to 7, p. m.

July 1—cod3mos

CHARLES'S LONDON CORDIAL GIN.—THE
ORIGINAL AND ONLY LONDON GIN IMPORTED.—This clis,
distilled in London from sound barley, under the suveillance of the
British excise laws, is delicately flavored with a fincture of the Raliar
juniper borry, and some of the most valuable restoratives of the vectable kingdom, rendering it, in the opinion of the most eminent modical men, the purest and safest stimulant or diuretic drink in use.

It is a delicious tenic, of a soft and delicate flavor, differing entirely
from any other file, and devoid of that hirsh, acrid taste which renders the article known as Holland Gin, or Schmipps, so objectionable.
Though not intended an a medicine, it is recommended by physicians
generally in cases of Dyspepsia, Gout, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Gravel,
Colle, Choleira, Fever and Ague, Stricture, Discasses of the Urinary Organs, the Kidneya and the Bowels, Nervous Debility, &c., whilst the
weaker sex will find by its adoption a sure relief from those distressing annoyances which frequently attend their delicate organization.

Dr. Valentine Mott, of New York, the highest medical authority,
pronounces CHARLES'S LONDON CORDIAL GIN "not only superior
to any other, but the best article of the kind he has ever noen."

It is peculiarly adapted to settlers in the southern and weetern
States, as well as for travellers exposed to changes of water and air.

For sale in quarts at seventy-five cents, and pute thirty-eight cents,
by all druggists, grocers, fruiterers, and country merchants. Bewarco
of imitations. Buy only CHARLES'S. NONE OTHER IS IMPORTED.

May be had in Washington of Ford & Brecher, Daniel B. Clark, J.
B. Wilson, Hamilton & Leach, Wallace Eliet, Richard J. Ryon.

EDMUND C. CHARLES, Importer,

Mar 14—19

MUTUAL LIFE, INSURANCE, COMPANY CHARLES'S LONDON CORDIAL GIN.—THE

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF NEW YORK.
Not assets February 1, 1858, \$4,685,908 95. Secured in State
bonds and mortgages of first class:
Prederick S. Winston, president. Issae Abbott, secretary.
A. Y. F. Garnett, M. D., examining physician, 465 Ninth street.
Pamphilets and further information may be obtained at the office of
CHARLES DE SELDEN, Agent,
No. 507 Seventh street. June 22-d6m*

WANTED—Printers and Editors.—The proprieter of the well known and popular weekly paper, the Rural
Southerner, is about moving to Missouri, and would like to dispose of
the office and paper. This a rare oppirtunity, as it is the only paper in
of the kind is the South, and the only paper in a westibly and populous county. Population of the town alone about 4,000. Apply to
RIGHARD SIDVARIES.

Box 1027, baltimore.

FURNISHED HOUSE.—For Rent a genteelly-fur